(d) Does not arise.

Decrease in Plan Allocation for Urban Development

1570. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the plan allocation for urban development has gone down from eight per cent of the total plan outlay to 2.6 per cent over the years;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether alone in urban infrastructure Rs. 20,000 crore a year would be required over and above the plan resources during the next ten years to make good the deficiencies; and

(d) if so, the steps, so far, taken by Government in this regard indicating the budgetary allocations made for 2000-2001 as well as external assistance received, if any, from the World bank, so far, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (SHRI JAGMOHAN): (a) and (b) The annual Central plan allocations for urban development for the years 1997-98 to 2000-2001 are given in the enclosed Statement-I. (*See* below)

The allocation of budgetary support to Ministries/Departments depends upon the overall availability of resources for the plan, the competing demands from other Ministries/Departments and the performance in respect of Plan programmes of the concerned Ministry/Department as also the Five Year Plan outlay for the sector.

(c) and (d) According to the India Infrastructure Report (National Council of Applied Economic Research), 1996 the total annual requirement for urban infrastructure (water supply, sanitation, solid waste management and roads) during the five year period 1996—2000 was estimated as Rs. 28,297 crores per year (total for five year period Rs. 1,41,485 crores). The acquired investment during the following five year period 2000—2005 is Rs. 27,773 crores per year (total for five year period Rs. 1,38,865 crores). Thus, for the total ten year period the investment required is Rs. 280,350 crores. As against this, the availability of funds was estimated to be about Rs. 5000 crores per year. Thus, the additional requirement over the above available funds is about Rs. 23,000 crores per year.

The Central Government is following a multi-pronged strategy to raise resources for urban infrastructure. The strategy includes fiscal concessions like tax free municipal bonds, broading the definition of infrastructure under section 80-IA of the Income Tax Act, tariff reforms encouraging private sector participation, enhancing external aid from bilateral and multi-lateral agencies, as well as foreign direct investment. The information regarding externally aided urban development projects is given in Statement-II. (*See* below). The State-wise Plan outlay finalised by the Planning Commission for the current year is given in the enclosed Statement-III.

Statement-I

Annual central plan allocation for 1997-98 to 2000-2001

(*Rs. in crore*)

Year	Total plan outlay	Outlay for M/OUD & PA	Percentage of UD & PA outlay to total outlay
2000-2001 B.E.	117333.78	2567.40	2.19
1999-2000 R.E.	96309.94	1506.30	1.56
1998-99 R.E.	88481.75	2116.88	2.40
1997-98 R.E.	42464.27	1931.89	4.55

Statement-II

Externally aided Urban Development Projects

World Bank Projects

1. **Tamil Nadu Urban Development Project-II (TNUDP-II)**

World Bank is financing a second Tamil Nadu Urban Development Project. The total estimated cost of the Project is US $ 205 million out of which the World Bank proposes to provide loan on US $ 105 million. The remaining requirements of funds will be met by the State Government, TNUDF, Local Bodies and Financial institutions. Loan negotiations were held in Washington during 22-26 February, 1999. The loan became effective on 14.10.99. The project could disburse US $ 14.5 million as against a target of US $ 23 million during 1999-2000. As against a budget estimate of US $ 15 million for 2000-2001, disbursement till June 2000 was only US $ 0.97 million. The current disbursement figures have not been received from the State Government.

II. **West Bengal Municipal Development Project**

To assist selected Municipality in developing strategy and comprehensive plans for environmental, economic and social management and to strengthen the capacity of municipality to deliver the objectives. Two separate agreements have been signed with the World Bank on 26.6.98 for Japanese grants—Amount US $ 468,750 and US $ 927,050 respectively.

Statement-III

The State-wise plan allocation in the current year

Sl.No.	Name of the State/Union Territory	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
1.	Goa	540.00
2.	Gujarat	19212.00
3.	Haryana	2081.00
4.	Kerala	4300.00
5.	Punjab	2780.07
6.	Tamil Nadu	49148.40
7.	Chandigarh	5142.00
8.	Pondicherry	1358.00

The State-wise Plan Outlay for remaining States/Union Territories has not yet been finalised.

Allocation of funds to Gujarat under USEP and UWEP

1571. SHRI BACHANI LEKHRAJ: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) the details of funds allocated under Urban Self-Employment Programme and Urban Wage Employment Programme separately in the State of Gujarat during 1999-2000; and

(b) the number of persons benefited in Gujarat during the said period, programme-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (SHRI BANDARU DATTATRAYA): (a) During the year 1999-2000, no central funds were released under Urban Self Employment Programme (USEP) as the State had already